

THE BLUE BERET



Wednesday, 2nd November 1966

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Volume Four

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NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION

TALKS CONTINUE - SOME PROGRESS MADE



Security Council recommends extension of U Thant's appointment

LAST FRIDAY, THE U.N. SECURITY Council formally recommended the extension of U Thant's appointment as Secretary-General until the end of the current General Assembly session.

The Council specified that it was taking this stand pending further consideration "of the appointment of the Secretary-General".

The Council's decision was taken at a closed fifteen-minute session, and transmitted by Lord Caradon of Great Britain, the Council's President for the month of October, to the Assembly President, Mr. Abdul Rahman Pazwak. The Assembly was scheduled to act on the recommendation yesterday (Tuesday, 1st November) afternoon.

In its statement issued after its meeting, the Council recalled its consensus of a month ago in which it welcomed U Thant's declared willingness

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THE UN GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S MAIN POLITICAL COMMITTEE continued debate at UN Headquarters last week on preventing a further spread of nuclear weapons. Indications of progress in U.S.—Soviet talks on a non-proliferation treaty, questions of guarantees for non-nuclear nations against the use of atomic armaments, and the latest nuclear device exploded on mainland China were among the main issues dealt with by speakers from more than ten countries last week.

Great Britain and other nations praised US—Soviet moves to speed a treaty against the further spread of nuclear weapons in the world. Lord Chalfont said he was confident that a treaty could be worked out that would have no loopholes but also to allow for a legitimate cooperation within alliances such as NATO. He joined the US and the USSR in urging that an anti-spread treaty not be made dependent on other disarmament measures lest it be jeopardized.

A different view came from the United Arab Republic — one of eight non-aligned countries taking part in the Geneva disarmament conference. Mr Ismail Fahmy said the US—Soviet talks on non-proliferation were neglecting the views of non-nuclear nations. He said a treaty should bind nuclear powers to freeze or reduce their nuclear arsenals and never to use atomic weapons against countries not equipped with them — and not simply to perpetuate the big Powers' monopoly.

A revised draft resolution on the preventing of a further spread of atomic weapons — co-sponsored by more than 30 States, including the US and the USSR — was circulated in the Assembly's Political Committee and is expected to come to a vote this week.

Canada, one of the co-sponsors, hailed the "new spirit" evident in the US—Soviet non-proliferation talks and expressed confidence that these would lead to a treaty acceptable to nuclear and non-nuclear nations alike. General Burns, speaking for Canada, expressed the hope that such a treaty would be followed by an all-inclusive test ban and by a freeze and then cuts in nuclear military stocks.

Ambassador Ali of Pakistan urged for a conference of non-nuclear countries to consider their

security problems. He said this would not compete with the current big Power discussions on non-proliferation but rather complement them.

Ambassador Matsui of Japan told the Committee that the self-restraint of nations who could make atomic bombs but had chosen not to — such as his own — was perhaps the most important factor in preventing a spread of nuclear weapons in the world.

Ambassadors Bohdan of Poland and Mod of Hungary stressed the East European view that the main obstacle to a non-proliferation treaty is the Federal Republic of Germany who, they charged, is

continued on page eight

SYMPATHY

MESSAGE

AFTER WELSH

DISASTER

THE UN SECRETARY-GENERAL, U Thant, sent the following message of sympathy to the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs of the United Kingdom, Mr. George Brown, in connection with the recent pit-tip disaster at Aberfan in South Wales:

"I was deeply distressed to learn about the terrible disaster in Wales which resulted in the sudden death of so many people, including such a large number of children. Please accept and convey to the members of the bereaved families my deepest sympathy".

ISRAEL / SYRIA ARMISTICE VIOLATIONS DEPLORED

LAST WEEK, IN THE U.N. SECURITY Council, the United States introduced a draft resolution deploring the "terrorist" raids complained of by Israel, reminding Syria of its Armistice obligation to prevent the use of its territory as a base for acts which violate the Armistice Agreement, and calling on both Israel and Syria to strictly adhere to the Agreement and coope-

rate fully with the U.N. machinery on the spot.

Co-sponsored by the United Kingdom, the draft also looked to the examination of what could be done on the broader issue of Arab-Israeli relations in the interest of promoting peace.

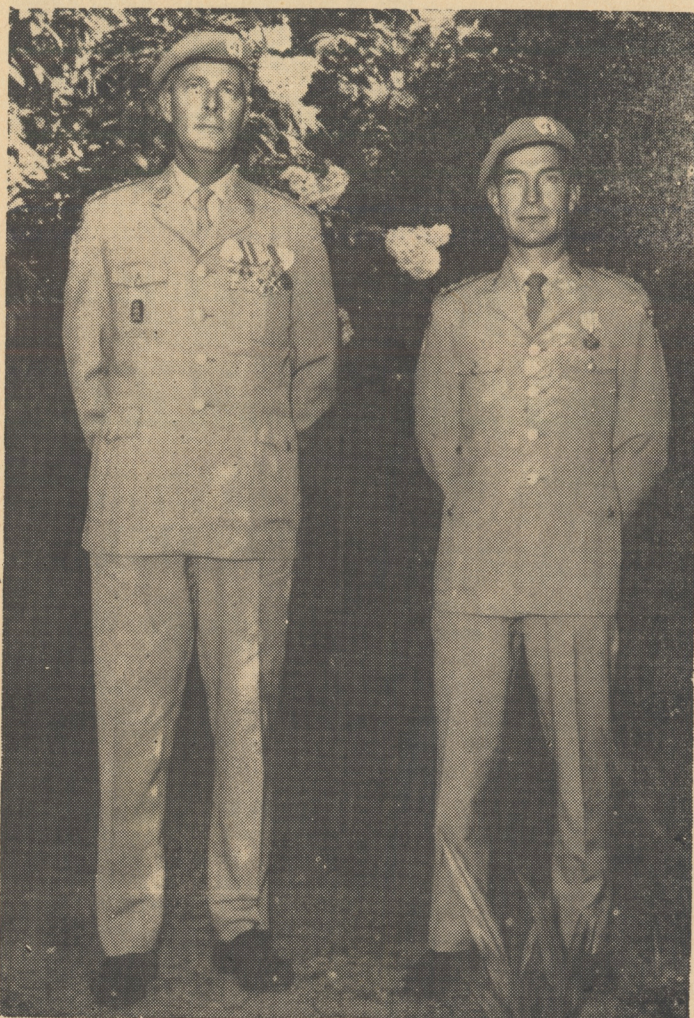
On behalf of the African Group of UN delegations, Mali requested that the Council

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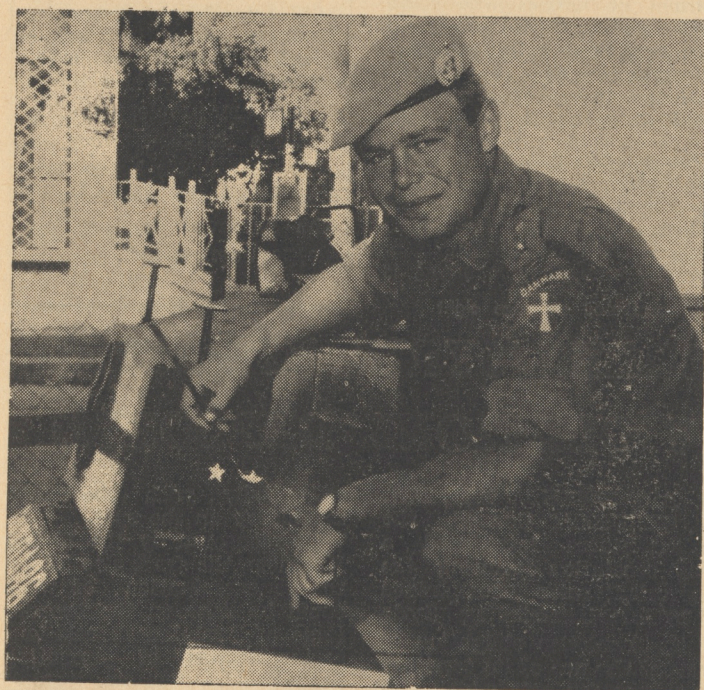
UGENS TRAFIKTIPS

Se efter at hjulene er spændt ordentlig fast, og at der ikke er løse møtrikker.

Som motorvognsfører er det forbudt at ryge under kørslen. Hold begge hænder paa rattet.



Ved en lille højtidelighed i DANCON's officersmesse i lørdags tildeles FN-medailen til to danske officerer ved HQ UNFICYP, oberstløjtnant A.J. Adolph og kaptajn I. Groth.



Tirsdag den 1. November udnævntes delingsfører for DANCON's spejdvognsdeling, Nils Wester, til premierløjtnant. Udnævnelsen fauð ikke alene synligt udtryk paa premierløjtnantens skuldre, ogsaa hans Ferret fik gradstegnet paa malet.

TO DANSKE TIL GAZA OG CYPERN

DER ER KRIG MELLEM DEN TYRKISKE SULTAN og den ægyptiske sultan. Det gælder herredømmet i Palæstina. Den 24. August 1516 slaar den tyrkiske sultan Selim den ægyptiske ved Aleppo, og den 4. Oktober holder Selim sit indtog i Damascus. Efter et ophold her marcherer han mod Ægypten og bemægtiger sig undervejs Jerusalem. Den 20. Januar 1517 leverer Selim et sejrslag ved Cairo, og nu er han herre over kystlandene fra Istanbul til Alexandria.

Under disse urolige forhold drager to danske adelsmænd paa pilgrimsfærd til det hellige land. Det er Holger Ulfstand og Johan Oxe. Rejsen udgaar fra Danmark i Marts 1516. Anden Pinsedag er man i Venedig og forhandler med en skipper om overfart, men inden sejladsen paabegyndes, rider de to til Rom for at indhente pavens

tilladelse til at besøge Den hellige Grav i Jerusalem. Den 15. Juni sætter man til søs. Turen koster 50 venetianske dukater inklusive forplejningen ombord, og efter tre ugers sejlads naar man Jaffa. Men da der først skal søges indrejsetilladelse, sker landgangen ikke førend den 14. August.

Tre gange besøger vore landsmænd den hellige grav. Tilbage rejsen skal netop tiltrædes, da der indløber melding om uroligheder. Afrejsen maa udsættes, og med en vis stolthed noteres det i rejsedag-

tiske legender. St. Katharina var blevet forældreløs i Alexandria. Hun kom nu til sin onkel, der regerede i Salamis paa Cypern, men da onklen opdager, at hun er kristen, sætter han hende i fængsel, efter traditionen i en romersk grav nær St. Barnabas klosteret. Senere sendes hun tilbage til Alexandria, hvor hun lider martyrdøden.

Søndag før Mikkelssdag sejler Holger Ulfstand og Johan Oxe fra Famagusta mod Rhodos, men skibet bliver slået tilbage af en kraftig storm, og man maa søge læ ved Paphos. Rejsen fortsætter, men afbrydes atter paa grund af stormen. Først fredag før Fastelavn 1517 naar de to danske omsider til Venedig.

DANCON VI SNART PAA VEJ



DANCON VI er snart paa vej. Forkommandoet ventes til Cypern den 9. November. Lad os haabe, at de vokser med opgaven.

FLERE DANSKE NYHEDER PAA SIDE TRE

bogen, at man nu opnaar den sjældne ære, at besøge gravkirken for fjerde gang. Tre timer før dag gry næste dag er pilgrimmene atter samlet klar til afrejse, og med en eskorte paa 300 mand til hest og til fods begiver man sig mod Jaffa. Fjendtlige styrker spærrer imidlertid vejen, og man maa drage syddover til Gaza. Den følgende dag forhindres man atter i at komme videre paa grund af urolighederne, og man benytter lejligheden til at bese "stedets mærkværdigheder, der knytter sig til Samson".

Endelig naar man frem til havet, og det lykkes at blive indskibet under en stærk storm med fralandsvind. Kursen er sat mod Famagusta. Her angiver dagbogen, at man besøger stedet hvor St. Georg blev født og St. Katharina var fængslet. Med hensyn til St. Georg maa der foreligge en misforståelse, thi efter gammel tradition var han født i Lydda i Palæstina, men oplysningen om St. Katharinas fængsel stemmer overens med cyprio-

KENRAALI MARTOLAN PAIVAKASKY



Puolustusvoimain komentajan vierailun aikana pidetty mellakantort-juntaharjoitus alkamassa.....



Taysi vauhti paa. Kylmä vesisuihku panee miehet kiiruhtamaan.

DANCON-NYT

fra side to

OVERRASKENDE STOR SEJR OVER EPISCOPI

FODBOLDKAMPEN i søndags paa Cyperns eneste græsbane ved den britiske base, Episcopi blev en stor sejr for DANCON-holdet. Allerede ved halvtid førte vi med 3 - 0 over det udvalgte hold fra basen, og ind i anden halvleg øgedes forspringet til 6 - 0. Spillet var imidlertid mere jævnbrydligt end maalelfrene giver udtryk for, men først pa slutningen af kampen lykkedes det briterne

to gange at faa bolden mellem de danske maalstolper. Slutresultatet blev 7 - 2.

Kampen, der spilledes til fordel for retarderede børn i Limassol, havde samlet mange tilskuere omkring den smukke bane. Vejret var straalende og et britisk musik-korps satte yderligere kulør paa sceneriet. Skade kun at saa faa danske var mødt op som tilskuere,



I torsdags afholdt C-kompagniet en feltskydning i delingsramme paa skydeterrænet nord for Larnaca. øvelsen overværedes af chefen for DANCON, oberstløjtnant M. Vesterdal, der her roser raketskytten, konstabel Jørgen Jensen for to fuldtreffere. Bag skytten staar oversergent Willy A. Larsen. Hjælperen er konstabel Svend Mikkelsen.

JOKA VUOSI YK:N PÄIVÄ ANTAA TILAIKUUDEN tarkastella YK:n järjestelmää, todeta sen nykyinen tila ja sen voima tulevaisuudessa. Liiallisen optimismin ja pessimismin on väistytävä tällaisessa tilanteessa. Meidän on enemmän nähtävä tosiasiat sekä tilanteemme ja katsottava tulevaisuuteen, ” mainitsi Kyproksen turvajoukkojen komentaja kenr. A.E. Martola YK:n päivänä julkaistussa päiväkäskyssä, josta julkaisemme seuraavassa otteita.

YK syntyi vaikeuksista ja sen päätehtävä on uhmata ongelmia ja kriisitilanteita. YK:n palveluksessa olevat ihmiset eivät odota helpoja voittoja, hiljaisia aikoja tai historiallisia ihmeitä.

Mieluummin meidän täytyy lähteä väitteestä, että rauhan ja järjestyksen jatkuminen maailmassa ei ole todennäköinen ja sitten ryhtyä vakaasti poistamaan lukuisia esteitä, jotka ovat rauhan ja järjestyksen tiellä.

Meidän on nähtävä luottamuksen puute ja voimapolitikan voimasaolo, jotka jatkuvasti hallitsevat kansainvälisiä suhteita. Meidän on nähtävä ydinaseiden ja niiden leviämisen kauhistuttavat vaarat.

Kansainvälisessä Yhteistyössä

Pelastus

Meidän on nähtävä aikakautemme todelliset taloudelliset ja sosiaaliset ongelmat, joiden ratkaisut, huolimatta hallitusten ja kansainvälisten järjestöjen ponnisteluista, ovat yhä kaikkea muuta kuin rohkaisevia ja sisältävät vakavan vaaran maailman tulevalle turvallisuudelle.

Ja viimeksi meidän täytyy nähdä itse YK:n todellisuus pohja. Periaatteet ja päämäärät on määritelty Peruskirjassa, mutta toistaiseksi ne eivät ole kansainvälisen elämän pysyviä ohjeita ja säännöstellijöitä. Niiden käsittäminen yleisesti hyväksytyiksi politiikan ja käyttäytymisen ohjeiksi on perustava ja kiireellinen välttämättömyys. Säröt, aukot ja heikkoudet YK:ssa koskevat kaikkia sen jäseniä, sillä sen epäonnistuminen voi aiheuttaa eriaisteisia vaikeuksia niille kaikille. Vain jäsenet yksin yhteisymmärryksessä ja yhteistyössä voivat saada YK:n toimaan tehokkaasti rauhan ja hyvinvoinnin puolesta. Ilman heidän itsepäisyyttään ja päättävyyttään mikään julkisen vaatimuksen tai yksilöllisen ponnistuksen määrä rauhan ja oikeuden hyväksi ei saa aikaan mitään hyötyä.

Vaikeudet Voitettavissa

Meillä ei pitäisi olla mitään harhakuvitelmia kansainvälisten probleemien vaikeuksista tai siitä heilittämättömyydestä, jota vaaditaan niiden ratkaisemisessa. Pa-

kolaisongelma, johon Yleiskokous on pyytänyt kiinnittämään erikoista huomiota tänä YK:n päivänä, on sydäntä riipova esimerkki kansainvälisestä monimutkaisuudesta kysymyksessä, joka pohjimiltaan on käytännöllinen, inhimillinen ongelma.

Lopuksi suunnatkaamme tänä 21. YK:n vuosipäivänä ajatuksemme tulevaisuuden toivomuksiimme, jotka voivat täytyä vain, jos me voimme heittää pois joitain menneisyydestä saamiemme tapoja, pelkoa ja ennakkoluuloja. Käydessämme päättäväisesti käsitte-



lemään vanhoja ja uusia ongelmia, miten itsepitäisiä ne ovatkin, päättäkäämme myös, että ne eivät saa estää ihmiskuntaa astumasta siihen lupauksen maahan, jonka ihmisen voima ja älykyys on tehnyt mahdolliseksi.

Rauha Kyproksella Säilytetty.

“Me UNFICYPin jäsenet olemme pieni osa tästä maailmanjärjestöstä, joka on vastuussa rauhan säilyttämisestä Kyproksen saarelalla. Olemme nyt toimineet noin kahden ja puolen vuoden ajan, jolloin olemme työskennelleet suuren paineen ja rasituksen alaisina, mutta olemme onnistuneet estä-

BRITISH CONTINGENT NEWS

Change - over in Limassol Zone proves busy time

IT HAS BEEN A BUSY WEEK IN THE LIMASSOL Zone for the 1st Battalion The Royal Welch Fusiliers who are handing over to the 1st Battalion, The Black Watch prior to moving back to Germany. Advance parties moved last week as reported in the last issue of 'Blue Beret' and the move of the main bodies is now under way. The first plane load left Akrotiri this morning (Wednesday) at 0745 hours. The move is being phased over five days from 2nd-6th November with chalks arriving and departing each day.

The Chief of Staff, Brigadier M. N. Harbottle, in his capacity as Commander of the British Contingent met the incoming planes at Akrotiri on

arrival and personally welcomed each party.

The Commanding Officer of the Black Watch, Lieutenant Colonel E. W. Nicoll, assumes command of the Limassol Zone with effect mid-day today and Lieutenant Colonel L. Egan, the Fusiliers' CO leaves the island on Saturday next.

Colonel Nicoll, a native of Broughty Ferry, joined The Black Watch in 1943, and was appointed to command in August this year.

Change-overs are always hectic as time is usually at a premium and there is no doubt that both units will heave sighs of relief when they are settled into their new stations.

The Black Watch are no strangers to Cyprus having

served on the island on several occasions, the last being October 1958 to October 1961.

It is always sad saying goodbye to old friends such as The Royal Welch have become, however, it is with great pleasure that we take this opportunity of welcoming the Black Watch, and wish them every success in their new tasks.

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Unit flag presented to 7th Inf Gp. Parades at Xeros, Lefka, Limnitis and Kato Pyrgos camps

THE 7th INF GROUP FLAG WAS BLESSED AND PRESENTED to the unit in a short but impressive ceremony at Xeros Camp on Monday (31st October).

After the presentation the flag was paraded at Xeros, Lefka, Limnitis and Kato Pyrgos camps. At Xeros, when compliments had been paid, the Commanding Officer Lt-Col M. K. Hanley addressed the parade. He spoke in Irish and English and stressed the importance of the unit flag as a symbol of loyalty and of unity. He said he hoped that no action of any individual of the Group would cause the slightest stain of dishonour on the unit flag. The flag was then blessed by Rev. R. Neville, Chaplain and was presented by the C.O. to the Colour Party in charge of Sgt T. Penkert. This part of the ceremony was concluded by the playing of the National Anthem by the unit pipe band under the direction of Sgt P. Tobin. The

Delayed introduction

Pressure on space this week debars us from dealing fully with the introduction of the younger element of the Group but we will try to include some more photographs of them in the ensuing few weeks. The records reveal that 31 soldiers of the Group are 18 years of age or under and 50 more are in the 19 year age category. All we spoke to were enthusiastic about their work and were enjoying the first experience overseas thoroughly.

Rugby success

The Group Rugby Team, whipped together by Capt Cormac Bunyan, made their debut last Saturday against a fancied UNFICYP HQ selection. Ably refereed by Mr Parker, the game resulted in a rather unexpectedly facile win for the Irish by 20 pts to 6. Group scores were Lt. Billy Nott (try) Lt. Fred Swords (try) converted by Lt. Paul Quirke who also kicked four penalties. Mr Paddy Bishop, Irish mining engineer helping the Group, lent a much appreciated modicum of experience and craft to this heartening start for the Rugby enthusiasts.

parade commander at Xeros was Comdt. F. P. Neill.

of the Salute to the Flag by the personnel of camp drawn up in two ranks, Parading the Flag, Marching Off the Flag and the National Anthem. The Company Commander concerned commanded the parade at each location.



The Colour Party bearing the Flag. From left Cpl Browne, Sgt Penkert and Cpl Mulvey.



Rev. Fr. R. Neville blessing the Unit Flag.



Lieutenant Tony Standen, centre, a pilot with the UNFICYP Flight A.A.C. supervises the refuelling of his 'Sioux' helicopter during a quick stop at Xeros Camp in the Lefka District.



Take a small Cypriot boy with a cut — add a Canadian soldier with a band-aid — use olive trees as a backdrop. Corporal Wyonch acts as country doctor, one of the many antics of a Canadian Section Commander.

17 year old Signalman Bill McEvoy, the youngest soldier in the 7 Inf Group, at work in Kokkina Camp.



The 7th Inf Group Rugby team pictured before their opening game.

A SMALL BOY WITH A CUT ONE OF THE VARIED DUTIES OF AN NCO.

TAKE A SMALL BOY WITH A CUT, use olive trees as a backdrop, drop in one Canadian soldier and stir gently. Out of the pot will come a Canadian soldier on United Nations duty in Cyprus like Corporal Keith Wyonch. Mending cuts is just a sideline for the Sarnia corporal. His main job along with the other 900 Canadians on the island is to help maintain the peace.

Since March 1964 Canada has maintained a battalion and a reconnaissance squadron in the island. North and west of the capital of Nicosia, the Canadians have 550 square miles of territory to look after for the United Nations.

The job of a corporal like Keith Wyonch is unique to most junior NCO's. He is observer, peace maker, and country doctor wrapped up into one. There are fifteen other Canadian Corporals on the is-

land with similar jobs and they all have the same title — Section Commander.

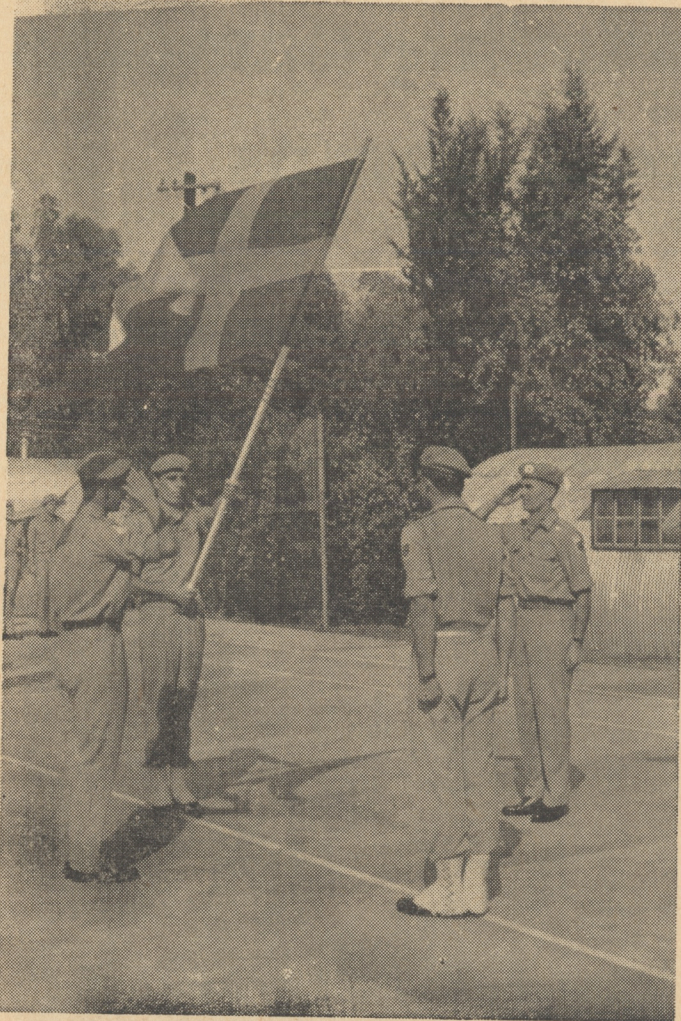
On a small piece of land ringed with a mixture of barbed wire and olive trees the blue flag of the United Nations flies over a small metal hut and a tent. This outpost where 28 year-old Corporal Wyonch and his six men will spend a good portion of their six month tour is called Tem-

blos. While the soldiers from the First Battalion of the Royal Canadian Regiment are manning their outposts, a reconnaissance squadron from the Fort Garry Horse is carrying out long range "recce" patrols. The four-ton armour plated, Ferret scout cars of the squadron can often be seen winding through mountains and humping across the plains of Cyprus.



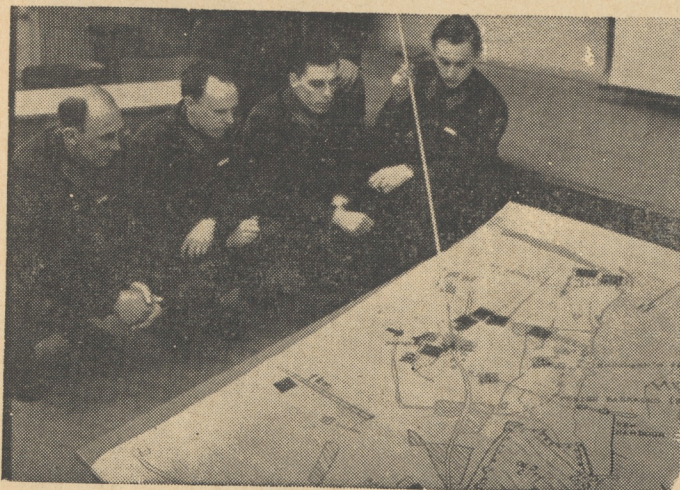
On 27th October the Force Commander, accompanied by the new Finnish Contingent Commander, Colonel O. Nuutilainen, visited Headquarters and Contingent signals officers who were holding a meeting in Nicosia. Our picture shows General Martola seated centre, with Colonel Nuutilainen, left, and Lieutenant Colonel Wythe, the Force CSO, right.

34: an gaar --
36: an kommer



Chefen för avgående bataljonen, 34 C, överste Lars Lavén (t v) överlämnar befälet över Famagusta zon till överste Bertil Stjernfelt, chef för bat 36 C. Fanbärare är löjtnant Björn Stålhane, chef för sekt 1 i den nya bataljonen Mitt emot honom löjtnant Hans Spåhl, Duty Officer som stannar kvar i bat 36. Ceremonin ägde rum på Carl Gustaf Camp i Famagusta torsdagen den 27 oktober klockan 1200.

KRIGSSPEL OM FAMAGUSTA



Den nya svenska FN-bataljonen är grundligt förberedd inför sin uppgift på Cypern. I utbildningen i Strängnäs ingick bl a ett krigsspel där hela den s k novemberstressen i Famagusta 1965 gick igenom i detalj. Här studeras Famagusta-kartan av fr v major Börje Wadenholm, Stockholm, kapten Gösta Sundkvist, Enköping, löjtnant Björn Stålhane, Karlstad och löjtnant Carl-Erik Elfström, Stockholm.

NYE KONTINGENT-CHEFEN EXPERT PAA AMFIBIEKRIG MEN ENGAGERAD FOER FRED

Den nye svenske kontingentchefen, Överste Bertil Stjernfelt, tillhör den svenska expertisen på amfibiekrigsföringens område. 1952 belönades han med Kungl. Krigsvetenskapsakademiens silvermedalj och stipendium för ett arbete om det tyska kustförsvaret i Normandie. Under ytterligare flera års forskningsarbete byggde han ut detta verk till den omfattande studie om den stora Normandieinvasionen, "Alarm i Atlantvallen" (1953), som väckt stor uppmärksamhet i flera länder och också översatts till franska. Som grund för denna mer än 450 sidor tjucka avhandling ligger forskningar och intervjuer på både den tyska och allierade sidan. Boken är pen hittills enda som behandlar detta ämne från en neutral utgångspunkt och med utnyttjande av båda sidornas material.

1955 utgav överste Stjernfelt tillsammans med Lennart Wockatz debattboken "Svenska amfibieförband-lyx eller nödvändighet". Också denna bok blev livligt uppmärksam och bidrog till att vårt kustförsvaret utrustades med kustjägare-just vad boken pläderade för. Också i andra sammanhang har överste Stjernfelt framträtt som kunnig, inflytelserik och elegant författare inom sitt gebit.

Sitt intresse för marina frågor grundlade överste Stjernfelt tidigt. Han är nämligen född göttingare och hade som sådan rikliga tillfällen att redan i unga år förvärva kunskaper, som senare skulle



Överste Bertil Stjernfelt, chef för den nya svenska FN-kontingenten.



komma till användning inom hans militärvetenskapliga verksamhet. Han är född 1917, tog studenten 1936, blev officer vid kustartilleriet 1940. Under 1951 tjänstgjorde han i brittiska marinen och studerade bl a invasionsteknik och kustförsvaret vid School of Amphibious Warfare. Överste Stjernfelts militära karriär ser tills dato ut så här: kapten 1947, major 1957, överstelöjtnant 1963, FN-överste 1966. I Sverige innehar han befattningen som avdelningschef i Marinstaben.

På den rent personliga sidan kan man notera att överste Stjernfelt är gift och lycklig fader till tre döttrar, 12, 14 och 16 år gamla. Till hans personliga fritidsintressen hör

forts s. 7.

SE UPP i trafiken

Kom ihåg att däckan tar stryk varje gång du bromsar hårt. Undersök dem noga regelbundet för att undvika farliga explosioner!

Försäkra dig om att muttrarna som fäster hjulen sitter ordentligt fast!

Rök inte under körning!

Håll båda händerna på raten!

CANCON SECTION NCO

continued from pages four and five



United Nations flag flies against a Cypriot sunrise as Corporal Keith Wyonch leads a foot patrol out from his outpost. With the corporal are (centre) Private J. S. "Robbie" Robertson, of Kitchener, Ont., and Cpl Jack Hillman of Leamington, Ont.



Route Check — is outlined to Private Robert Angus MacPherson of Antigonish, N. S., by Corporal Wyonch before his patrol leaves the outpost.

SVERIGE- NYTT

fran s. 6

NYE CHEFEN . . .

framförallt friluftsliv i olika former, speciellt skidåkning i fjällen och segling. Fastän kustartillerist med vana att hantera grovkalibriga mastodontpjäser har han också dokumenterat sig som mästare på ett så kontrasterande vapen som värja och kan bl a skryta med ett svenskt marinnästerskap i värjafäkting.

Sina krigiska meriter till trots är överste Stjernfelt mer intresserad av fred än krig, bekänner han för

The Blue Beret. Det är just intresset för det internationella fredsarbetet som fört honom hit till Cypern i fredens och FN:s tjänst. För sin insats här har han också förberett sig synnerligen grundligt. Med denne välinformerade, engagerade och entusiastiska chef i spetsen har den nya svenska FN-kontingenten alla förutsättningar att ge ett positivt bidrag till normalisering av förhållandena på Cypern.

ROAD SAFETY AND YOU



1. Roads in Cyprus are very dusty, the dust makes the roads surfaces greasy after rain, so drive with extreme caution on wet roads.
2. Do not assume that you can drive safely in Cyprus at speeds customary in your own country. Local conditions are often quite different. Adjust your speed to conditions allowing a wide safety margin.

FINNISH CONTINGENT NEWS



Eron hetki tullut on. Omaisten vierailu saarella on päättynyt ja kone lähdössä Suomeen.

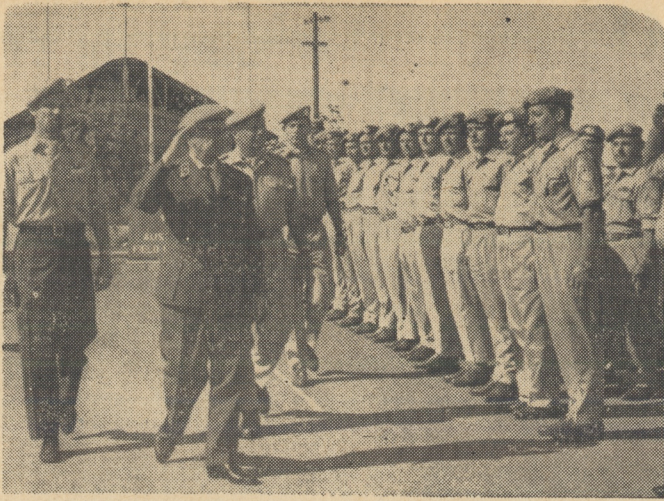
KENRAALI MARTOLAN PAIVAKASKY

jatk s. 3.

mään avoimen taistelun kahden yhteiskuntaryhmän välillä.

Odotamme teiltä jatkuvaa yhteistyötä ja tarmoa, että ainakin säilyttäisimme asemamme ja, jos mah-

dollista, parantaisimme olosuhteita sopimuskautemme loppuun mennessä, kunnes tydyttävä poliittinen ratkaisu on löydetty, "mainitsi kenraali Martola lopuksi.



SOUTH-WEST AFRICA

LEAGUE MANDATE TERMINATED

GROUP TO REPORT ON MEASURES FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF RESOLUTION

BY AN OVERWHELMING MAJORITY, the UN General Assembly last week declared that South Africa's League of Nations mandate over South West Africa was terminated and that, henceforth, the territory came under the direct responsibility of the United Nations.

The Assembly decided to set up a group to recommend practical means for the administration of the Territory with the view to self-determination and independence. The group is to report to the Assembly at a special session not later than April of next year.

These provisions were contained in an African-Asian resolution, modified by Latin American amendments, and adopted by a vote of 114 in favour, two against (South Africa and Portugal) and three abstentions (Great Britain, France and Malawi).

The resolution recalled the

UN's past condemnation of South Africa's policies of racial discrimination and said that the long UN efforts to get South Africa to work for the well-being and security of the indigenous inhabitants had been to no avail.

The resolution asked South Africa to do nothing that would alter the present status of the Territory, and called the attention of the UN Security Council to the Assembly's decision.

The original African-Asian draft would have sent a team of UN administrators to the Territory without further ado. A Latin American proposal for a preliminary study of practical means was accepted by most African nations in the light of South Africa's declared intention to resist any assumption of power by the UN. Besides rejecting the charges of oppression in the Territory, South Africa contended that she was not answerable to the United Nations for her administration.

Portugal argued that the Assembly action was hasty and ill-considered and that it went beyond its competence.

Great Britain felt that the Assembly should declare South Africa's mandate terminated but should not seek to have the UN take over its administration. This, it said, could not be achieved by words.

France indicated that she considered the UN attempt to take over the administration as unrealistic and also had reservations about the manner in which the mandate was to be declared ended.

AUSTRIANS WITH UNFICYP CELEBRATE NATIONAL DAY

The Force Commander, Major-General A. E. Martola, was among guests at the Austrian Field Hospital last week for the Austrian National Day celebrations — commemorating the day eleven years ago when the last allied occupation armies left Austrian soil. Before the flag-raising ceremony, the Contingent and guests were addressed by the CO of the Austrian Civilian Police Contingent, Captain Otto Hörmann and the CO of the Field Hospital, Colonel Otto Renth. Special messages from the Austrian Government and Military Command were also read.

General Martola thanked members of the Contingent for the work they were doing with the Force, and presented UN Service medals to those who had completed the qualifying period.

FAR LEFT: General Martola inspects members of the Field Hospital staff. **LEFT:** The red, white and red flag of Austria is hoisted.



U THANT

to continue at his post until the end of the Assembly session, expected sometime late in December, and urged that he serve another term after his present one expires on 3rd November.

Close to two months ago, U Thant announced that he would not offer himself for a new term, but later said that he would consider serving

through the current Assembly session if no successor had been agreed on by 3rd November. Following a subsequent Council consensus urging him to serve a further term, U Thant expressed his profound appreciation of the sentiments expressed and said he would, of course, give the matter serious consideration. At Friday's meeting, the Council confirmed its consensus.

ARMISTICE

adjourn its debate to permit consultations seeking a consensus. Nigeria, Uganda, France, the Soviet Union and Japan spoke in support of the suggestion.

Meanwhile, at the request of Jordan, the Council President called for reports on the present inability of the Israel—Syria Mixed Armistice Com-

mission to function, and on the attitudes of the parties to it, and on the present status of the Demilitarized Zone.

Following a procedural debate, the Council decided to adjourn on a motion by France to allow time for further consultations, with a further meeting expected to take place later this week.

NUCLEAR

seeking atomic weapons with the connivance of certain US circles.

Ambassador Cavaletti of Italy stressed that the resolution asking for universal restraint pending an anti-proliferation treaty appealed to all States — nuclear as well as non-nuclear. And, Mr. Fayat of Belgium said that the fourth atomic blast of the Peoples' Republic of China was an alarm

signal and showed need for having that country at the conference table.

Three African speakers — from Kenya, Tanzania and Ethiopia — last week said that a non-proliferation treaty should include guarantees that atomic powers would not use nuclear weapons against countries forgoing nuclear armaments.

UNFICYP CHRISTMAS CARDS

The UNFICYP Christmas Card, see BLUE BERET of 19 October, should be arriving at Force Hqs. next week. Order forms are being circulated to all contingents this week. Order now to reserve your supply. Price per card: One shilling, with a 20% discount on bulk orders of one thousand or more.

STOP PRESS NUCLEAR RESOLUTION

Pakistan, on Monday, formally proposed that nations not possessing atomic weapons get together by next Summer to consider how best to ensure their security. A Pakistani draft resolution was circulated this week in the UN General Assembly's main Political Committee in which it is suggested that the Conference — which would assemble all but the five present nuclear powers — would also consider means to prevent the further spread of nuclear weapons and to foster the peaceful use of atomic energy. (See earlier story on page 1.)